Learning in EYFS:

What Art Subject Leaders Need to Know

The EYFS framework is structured very differently to the national curriculum as it is organised across seven areas of learning rather than subject areas. The aim of this document is to help subject leaders to understand how the skills taught across EYFS feed into national curriculum subjects.

This document demonstrates which statements from the 2020 Development Matters are prerequisite skills for art within the national curriculum. The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework and the Development Matters age ranges for Birth to Three (two-year-olds) Three and Four-Year-Olds and Reception to match the programme of study for art.

The most relevant statements for art are taken from the following areas of learning:

 Physical Development Expressive Arts and Design

In addition to this, our Early Years Setting have identified curricular goals for our specific context of children to achieve when they leave Helperbees and Reception. So, some of our statements are taken from our own curriculum.

The most relevant goals to Art are:

Helperbees – Explore and experiment with multimedia, music and the senses

To take park in collaborative and imaginative play

Learn new vocabulary and engage with it

Reception – Express creativity in a variety of forms

Art		
Two – year olds	Physical Development	When holding crayons, chalks etc, makes connections between their movement and the marks they make. Use large and small motor skills Explore a range of materials and tools – showing increasing control
	Expressive art and Design	Enjoys and responds to playing with colour in a variety of ways, for example combining colours, using their fingers and body parts Starts to make marks intentionally Explore different materials, using all their senses
Three and Four- Year-Olds	Physical Development	Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.
	Expressive Arts and Design	Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. Join different materials and explore different textures. Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc. Explore colour and colour mixing.

Reception	Trigsical Development	Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. Develop overall body-strength, balance, coordination and agility.
	Expressive rite and Edition	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills.

ELG	Physical Development	Fine Motor Skills	 Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases. Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery. Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.
	Expressive Arts and Design	Creating with Materials	 Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used.