Small school, big heart

Strategies for supporting pupils with $\underline{\mathsf{SEND}}$ in $\underline{\mathsf{PE}}$ lessons.

| Individual Need | Here's how we support everyone |
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| Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder | ✓ Reinforce instructions on what to do during a PE session /activity ✓ Be explicit about the rules of a game ✓ Minimise distractions |
| Anxiety | ✓ Discuss with the child how to get into the building fromoutside if they need to use the toilet during a lesson ✓ Prior to the lesson, discuss what PE equipment is going tobe used ✓ Where possible, the child will work in the same group /team for each session |
| Autism Spectrum Disorder | Teacher / TA to discuss what the PE session will involve andwhat equipment will be used Where possible, the child will work in the same group /team for each session Provide opportunities to handle the equipment prior tolessons Ensure instructions are considered and manageable |
| Dyscalculia | ✓ Allow opportunity to repeat activity instructions so the child is able to process, store in their long-term memory andrecall. |
| Dyslexia | Ensure any written instructions are reinforced verbally orwith visuals Ensure the child understands the language you have usedin instructions (eg: positional or special language) Give instructions clearly and slowly. Repeat one to one if necessary Check with the child that they have understood what the instruction is Demonstrate movements / skills so that the child can see what they look like |
| Dyspraxia | ✓ Consider the equipment being used in a PE lesson andprovide alternatives where necessary ✓ Allow the child additional time to get change into PE kit ✓ Reinforce instructions on what to do during a PE session / activity ✓ Be explicit about the rules of a game |
| Hearing Impairment | ✓ Consider the use of inclusive PE equipment (e.g. balls containing bells) ✓ Give instructions prior to moving outside or into a hallspace where there may be additional background noise/echo |



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| Toileting Issues | ✓ Discuss with the child how to get into the building from outside if they need to use the toilet during a lesson Walkthem through how to get to the toilet from an outside space and time how long it takes ✓ Be mindful of using bending and stretching movements within PE lessons and ensure that this isn't uncomfortable for the child |
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| Cognition and Learning Challenges | ✓ Provide a picture of the PE activity prior to the lesson so that the child has a better understanding when being toldverbally (visual timetable) ✓ Demonstrate movements / skills so that the child can seewhat they look like |
| Speech, Language & Communication Needs | ✓ Ensure that the child knows what terms are being usedwithin PE lessons as some may be unfamiliar ✓ Provide a picture of the PE activity prior to the lesson so that the child has a better understanding when being toldverbally ✓ Demonstrate movements / skills so that the child can seewhat they look like |
| Tourette Syndrome | ✓ Provide opportunities to handle the equipment prior to lessons so that the child has experienced the feel &texture of the equipment |
| Experienced Trauma | ✓ The PACE approach should be used, using playfulness, acceptance, curiosity and empathy to understand myemotions and behaviour ✓ Before the lesson, come up with strategies for if difficultiesoccur during the lesson, and ways these can be overcome, reminding children that learning is about trial and error ✓ Use simple, specific instructions that are clear to understand, and deliver these slowly |
| Visual Impairment | ✓ Consider the use of inclusive PE equipment (e.g. oversized/lighter balls) ✓ Ensure children who suffer from visual impairment are included in the process of identifying suitable equipment ✓ Child to spend time prior to PE lessons in the space that isto be used to get a sense of the surroundings |